Origin of Material Used	Estab- lish- ments	Em- ployees	Earnings	Cost at Plant of Materials Used	Value Added by Manufacture	Selling Value of Factory Shipments <sup>1</sup>
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
Farm origin Mineral origin Forest origin Marine origin Wildlife origin Mixed origin Grand Totals.	9,601 6,618 17,045 607 616 3,620 38,107	577,696 281,080 13,623 7,159	1,982,152,272 824,747,195 23,169,629	4, 187, 562, 344 1, 536, 226, 536 85, 773, 130 40, 665, 523 486, 611, 033	3,905,507,838 1,683,667,683 49,435,356 28,927,108 566,550,226	8,326,705,749 3,322,194,229 137,635,369 69,911,730
Farm Origin Group— From field crops From animal husbandry Totals, Farm Origin	6,085 3,516 <b>9,601</b>		465, 204, 850 332, 384, 490 <b>797, 589, 340</b>		578, 108, 962	
Canadian origin	8,695	249,846	621,263,527	2,626,261,151	1,368,737,022	4,042,905,188
Foreign origin	906	64,760	176,325,813	417, 458, 965	390, 244, 118	821,470,569

## 13.—Principal Statistics of Manufacturing Industries classified according to Origin of Materials Used, by Main Group 1953

In 1952 gross value of products was replaced by value of factory shipments; see text pp. 624-625.

## Subsection 3.-Manufactures Classified by Type of Ownership

The figures showing the classification of the type of ownership under which Canadian manufacturers operate are available from 1946 although the first survey did not include the fish-curing and packing industry. Its inclusion in subsequent years has not materially altered the percentage distribution of individual ownership, incorporated companies, etc.

As is to be expected, the smaller establishments, regardless of the type of products manufactured, are carried on under individual ownership. In that category industries conducted on a small scale contain a large number of establishments, the percentage decreasing as the scale of operations increases, as the following figures for 1953 show:—

Group	Average Number of Employees per Establishment	Percentage of Individual Ownership Establishments to the Total
·		
Wood products.   Printing, publishing and allied industries.   Food and beverages.   Miscellancous manufacturing industries.   Non-metallic mineral products.   Clothing.   Chemicals and allied products.   Leather products.   Tron and steel products.   Textiles.   Knitting mills.   Non-ferrous metal products.   Paper products.   Products of petroleum and coal.   Tobacco and tobacco products.   Electrical apparatus and supplies.   Transportation equipment.   Rubber products.	$\begin{array}{c} 10\cdot 8\\ 16\cdot 0\\ 21\cdot 7\\ 23\cdot 9\\ 31\cdot 4\\ 45\cdot 4\\ 47\cdot 6\\ 69\cdot 8\\ 76\cdot 3\\ 83\cdot 0\\ 94\cdot 5\\ 152\cdot 1\\ 1771\cdot 1\\ 172\cdot 6\\ 182\cdot 1\\ 182\cdot 1\\ 251\cdot 3\\ 313\cdot 9\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 62 \cdot 2 \\ 44 \cdot 8 \\ 47 \cdot 4 \\ 35 \cdot 5 \\ 34 \cdot 4 \\ 27 \cdot 6 \\ 16 \cdot 0 \\ 27 \cdot 5 \\ 24 \cdot 8 \\ 29 \cdot 4 \\ 15 \cdot 0 \\ 26 \cdot 9 \\ 8 \cdot 8 \\ 3 \cdot 0 \\ 38 \cdot 2 \\ 9 \cdot 9 \\ 8 \cdot 3 \end{array}$
	313.9	0.9
ALL GROUPS	34-8	44-4